

Praxair Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Neon, refrigerated liquid (MSDS No. P-4628-E)		Trade Name: Liquid Neon
Chemical Name: Neon		Synonyms: Neon (cryogenic liquid)
Formula: Ne		Chemical Family: Cryogenic liquid
Telephone:	Emergencies: 1-800-645-4633* CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300* Routine: 1-800-PRAXAIR	Company Name: Praxair, Inc. 39 Old Ridgebury Road Danbury, CT 06810-5113

* Call emergency numbers 24 hours a day only for spills, leaks, fire, exposure, or accidents involving this product. For routine information, contact your supplier, Praxair sales representative, or call 1-800-PRAXAIR (1-800-772-9247).

2. Composition/Information on Ingredients

See section 16 for important information about mixtures.

INGREDIENT	CAS NUMBER	CONCENTRATION	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV-TWA (2002)
Neon	7440-01-9	>99%*	None currently established	Simple asphyxiant

*The symbol > means "greater than."

3. Hazards Identification

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

**WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.
Can cause rapid suffocation.
Can cause severe frostbite.**

**Liquid or cold gas can freeze air in vent lines.
May cause dizziness and drowsiness.**

**Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing
may be required by rescue workers.**

Odor: None

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE: TLV-TWA, simple asphyxiant (ACGIH, 2002).

EFFECTS OF A SINGLE (ACUTE) OVEREXPOSURE:

INHALATION—Asphyxiant. Effects are due to lack of oxygen. Moderate concentrations may cause headache, drowsiness, dizziness, excitation, excess salivation, vomiting, and unconsciousness. Lack of oxygen can kill.

SKIN CONTACT—No harm expected from gas. Cold gas or liquid may cause severe frostbite, a freezing injury resembling a burn.

SWALLOWING—An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure, but frostbite of the lips and mouth may result from contact with the liquid.

EYE CONTACT—No harm expected from vapor. Cold gas or liquid may cause severe frostbite.

EFFECTS OF REPEATED (CHRONIC) OVEREXPOSURE: No harm expected.

OTHER EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: Contact with the liquid may cause frostbite.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY OVEREXPOSURE: The toxicology and the physical and chemical properties of neon suggest that overexposure is unlikely to aggravate existing medical conditions.

SIGNIFICANT LABORATORY DATA WITH POSSIBLE RELEVANCE TO HUMAN HEALTH HAZARD EVALUATION: None known.

CARCINOGENICITY: Neon is not listed by NTP, OSHA, or IARC.

4. First Aid Measures

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

SKIN CONTACT: For exposure to liquid, immediately warm frostbite area with warm water not to exceed 105°F (41°C). In case of massive exposure, remove contaminated clothing while showering with warm water. Call a physician.

SWALLOWING: An unlikely route of exposure. This product is a gas at normal temperature and pressure.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with warm water for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids open and away from the eyeballs to ensure that all surfaces are flushed thoroughly. See a physician, preferably an ophthalmologist, immediately.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: *There is no specific antidote. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical condition of the patient.*

5. Fire Fighting Measures

FLASH POINT (test method):	Not applicable	
AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:	Not applicable	
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR , % by volume:	LOWER: Not applicable	UPPER: Not applicable
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Neon cannot catch fire. Use media appropriate for surrounding fire.		

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill. Evacuate all personnel from danger area. Immediately spray containers with water from maximum distance until cool, taking care not to direct spray onto vents on top of container. Do not discharge sprays into liquid neon. Liquid neon will freeze water rapidly. When containers have cooled, move them away from fire area if without risk. Self-contained breathing apparatus may be required by rescue workers. On-site fire brigades must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.156.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Liquid or vapor cannot catch fire. Heat of fire can build pressure in closed container and cause it to rupture. No part of a container should be subjected to a temperature higher than 125°F (52°C). Liquid neon containers are equipped with pressure relief devices. (Exceptions may exist where authorized by DOT.) Venting vapors may obscure visibility. Liquid causes severe frostbite. (See section 3.)

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: None known.

6. Accidental Release Measures

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: WARNING! Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure. Asphyxiant. Lack of oxygen can kill. Evacuate all personnel from danger area, using self-contained breathing apparatus where needed. Extremely cold liquid and gas. Liquid causes severe frostbite. (See section 3.) Shut off leak if without risk. Avoid contact with spilled liquid and allow it to evaporate. Ventilate area of leak or move container to a well-ventilated area. Test for sufficient oxygen, especially in confined spaces, before allowing reentry.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Prevent waste from contaminating the surrounding environment. Keep personnel away. Discard any product, residue, disposable container, or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. If necessary, call your local supplier for assistance.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE: Store and use with adequate ventilation. Do not store at temperatures above 125°F (52°C). Do not store in a confined space. Cryogenic containers are equipped with a pressure relief device and a pressure-controlling valve. Under normal conditions these containers will periodically vent product. Use adequate pressure relief devices in systems and piping to prevent pressure buildup; entrapped liquid can generate extremely high pressures when vaporized by warming.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING: Never allow any unprotected part of your body to touch uninsulated pipes or vessels containing cryogenic fluids. Flesh will stick to the extremely cold metal and will tear when you try to pull free. Use a suitable hand truck to move containers. Cryogenic containers must be handled and stored in an upright position. Do not drop or tip containers, or roll them on their sides. If valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. For other precautions in using neon, see section 16.

For additional information on storage and handling, refer to Compressed Gas Association (CGA) pamphlet P-1, *Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers*, available from the CGA. Refer to section 16 for the address and phone number along with a list of other available publications.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

VENTILATION/ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

LOCAL EXHAUST—Use a local exhaust system, if necessary, to prevent oxygen deficiency.

MECHANICAL (general)—General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

SPECIAL—None

OTHER—None

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None required under normal use. However, air-supplied respirators are required while working in confined spaces with this product. Respiratory protection must conform to OSHA rules as specified in 29 CFR 1910.134.

SKIN PROTECTION: Wear loose-fitting, cryogenic gloves.

EYE PROTECTION: Safety glasses and a full face shield are recommended. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Metatarsal shoes for container handling; high-top shoes are preferred. Protective clothing where needed. Cuffless trousers should be worn outside the shoes. Select in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132 and 1910.133. Regardless of protective equipment, never touch live electrical parts.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	20.18
EXPANSION RATIO for liquid at boiling point to gas at 70°F (21.1°C):	1 to 1445
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O = 1) at boiling point:	1.204
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Air = 1) at 70°F (21.1°C) and 1 atm:	0.696
SOLUBILITY IN WATER , vol/vol at 68°F (20°C) and 1 atm:	0.0105
PERCENT VOLATILES BY VOLUME:	100
EVAPORATION RATE (Butyl Acetate = 1):	High
BOILING POINT at 10 psig (68.9 kPa):	-410.98°F (-246.10°C)
FREEZING POINT at 1 atm:	-415.6°F (-248.66°C)
APPEARANCE, ODOR, AND STATE:	Colorless, odorless cryogenic liquid

10. Stability and Reactivity

STABILITY:	<input type="checkbox"/> Unstable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Stable
INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid):	None known. Neon is chemically inert.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	None known.	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	<input type="checkbox"/> May Occur	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Will Not Occur
CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	None known.	

11. Toxicological Information

Neon is a simple asphyxiant.

12. Ecological Information

No adverse ecological effects expected. Neon does not contain any Class I or Class II ozone-depleting chemicals. Neon is not listed as a marine pollutant by DOT.

13. Disposal Considerations

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Do not attempt to dispose of residual or unused quantities. Return cylinder to supplier.

14. Transport Information

DOT/IMO SHIPPING NAME: Neon, refrigerated liquid

HAZARD CLASS: 2.2	IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: UN 1913	PRODUCT RQ: None
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SHIPPING LABEL(s): NONFLAMMABLE GAS

PLACARD (when required): NONFLAMMABLE GAS

SPECIAL SHIPPING INFORMATION: Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. Cylinders transported in an enclosed, nonventilated compartment of a vehicle can present serious safety hazards.

Shipment of compressed gas cylinders that have been filled without the owner's consent is a violation of federal law [49 CFR 173.301(b)].

15. Regulatory Information

The following selected regulatory requirements may apply to this product. Not all such requirements are identified. Users of this product are solely responsible for compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:

EPA (ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY)

CERCLA: COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT OF 1980 (40 CFR Parts 117 and 302):

Reportable Quantity (RQ): None

SARA: SUPERFUND AMENDMENT AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT:

SECTIONS 302/304: Require emergency planning based on Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) and release reporting based on Reportable Quantities (RQ) of Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) (40 CFR Part 355):

Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ): None

EHS RQ (40 CFR 355): None

SECTIONS 311/312: Require submission of MSDSs and reporting of chemical inventories with identification of EPA hazard categories. The hazard categories for this product are as follows:

IMMEDIATE: Yes

PRESSURE: Yes

DELAYED: No

REACTIVITY: No

FIRE: No

SECTION 313: Requires submission of annual reports of release of toxic chemicals that appear in 40 CFR Part 372.

Neon does not require reporting under Section 313.

40 CFR 68: RISK MANAGEMENT PROGRAM FOR CHEMICAL ACCIDENTAL RELEASE PREVENTION: Requires development and implementation of risk management programs at facilities that manufacture, use, store, or otherwise handle regulated substances in quantities that exceed specified thresholds.

Neon is not listed as a regulated substance.

TSCA: TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: Neon is listed on the TSCA inventory.

OSHA: OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION:

29 CFR 1910.119: PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: Requires facilities to develop a process safety management program based on Threshold Quantities (TQ) of highly hazardous chemicals.

Neon is not listed in Appendix A as a highly hazardous chemical.

STATE REGULATIONS:

CALIFORNIA: Neon is not listed by California under the SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (Proposition 65).

PENNSYLVANIA: Neon is subject to the PENNSYLVANIA WORKER AND COMMUNITY RIGHT-TO-KNOW ACT (35 P.S. Sections 7301-7320).

16. Other Information

Be sure to read and understand all labels and instructions supplied with all containers of this product.

OTHER HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS OF HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: *Extremely cold liquid and gas under pressure.* Use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand pressures to be encountered. Avoid materials incompatible with cryogenic use; some metals such as carbon steel may fracture easily at low temperature. To prevent liquid or cold gas from being trapped in piping between valves, equip the piping with pressure relief devices. Use only transfer lines designed for cryogenic liquids. Praxair recommends piping all vents to the exterior of the building. *Air will condense on surfaces such as vaporizers and piping exposed to liquid neon or cold neon gas.* Nitrogen, which has a lower boiling point than oxygen, will evaporate first, leaving an oxygen-enriched condensate. Keep all areas of possible condensation free of oil, grease, and other combustible materials to prevent possible ignition or explosion. *Neon gas can cause rapid suffocation due to oxygen deficiency.* Store and use with adequate ventilation. Close container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. *Never work on a pressurized system.* If there is a leak, close the cylinder valve. Blow the system down in a safe and environmentally sound manner in compliance with all federal, state and local laws; then repair the leak. *Never place a compressed gas cylinder where it may become part of an electrical circuit.*

MIXTURES: When you mix two or more gases or liquefied gases, you can create additional, unexpected hazards. Obtain and evaluate the safety information for each component before you produce the mixture. Consult an industrial hygienist or other trained person when you evaluate the end product. Remember, gases and liquids have properties that can cause serious injury or death.

HAZARD RATING SYSTEMS:

NFPA RATINGS:

HEALTH = 3

FLAMMABILITY = 0

INSTABILITY = 0

SPECIAL = SA (CGA recommends this to designate Simple Asphyxiant.)

HMIS RATINGS:

HEALTH = 3

FLAMMABILITY = 0

PHYSICAL HAZARD = 0

STANDARD VALVE CONNECTIONS FOR U.S. AND CANADA:

THREADED:	CGA-792
PIN-INDEXED YOKE:	Not applicable
ULTRA-HIGH-INTEGRITY CONNECTION:	Not applicable

Use the proper CGA connections. **DO NOT USE ADAPTERS.** Additional limited-standard connections may apply. See CGA pamphlet V-1 listed below.

Ask your supplier about free Praxair safety literature as referred to in this MSDS and on the label for this product. Further information about neon can be found in the following pamphlets published by the Compressed Gas Association, Inc. (CGA), 4221 Walney Road, 5th Floor, Chantilly, VA 20151-2923, Telephone (703) 788-2700.

AV-1	<i>Safe Handling and Storage of Compressed Gases</i>
AV-5	<i>Safe Handling of Liquefied Nitrogen and Neon</i>
P-1	<i>Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers</i>
P-14	<i>Accident Prevention in Oxygen-Rich, Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres</i>
SB-2	<i>Oxygen-Deficient Atmospheres</i>
V-1	<i>Compressed Gas Cylinder Valve Inlet and Outlet Connections</i>
—	<i>Handbook of Compressed Gases, Fourth Edition</i>

Praxair asks users of this product to study this MSDS and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this MSDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety information.

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Praxair, Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Material Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use of the product are not within the control of Praxair, Inc., it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product.

Praxair MSDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Praxair or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current Praxair MSDSs for these products, contact your Praxair sales representative or local distributor or supplier. If you have questions regarding Praxair MSDSs, would like the form number and date of the latest MSDS, or would like the names of the Praxair suppliers in your area, phone or write the Praxair Call Center (**Phone:** 1-800-PRAXAIR;
Address: Praxair Call Center, Praxair, Inc., PO Box 44, Tonawanda, NY 14151-0044).

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